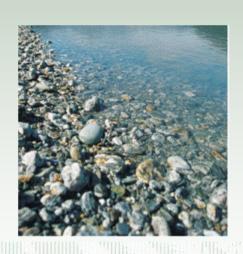
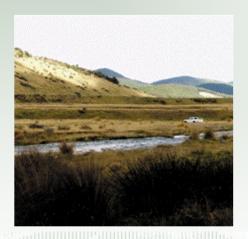
The FiordlandLink Experience

Creating Transportation Opportunities for Tourism and Recreation by Monorail







Presentation to:

IPENZ Transportation Conference

March 2010



The Presenters

Louise Robertson – Mitchell Partnerships Ltd

Will Parker – Opus International Consultants



Presentation Content

- The Opportunity
- The FiordlandLink Experience
- The Environment
- Route Description
- Monorail
- Construction and ecological challenges



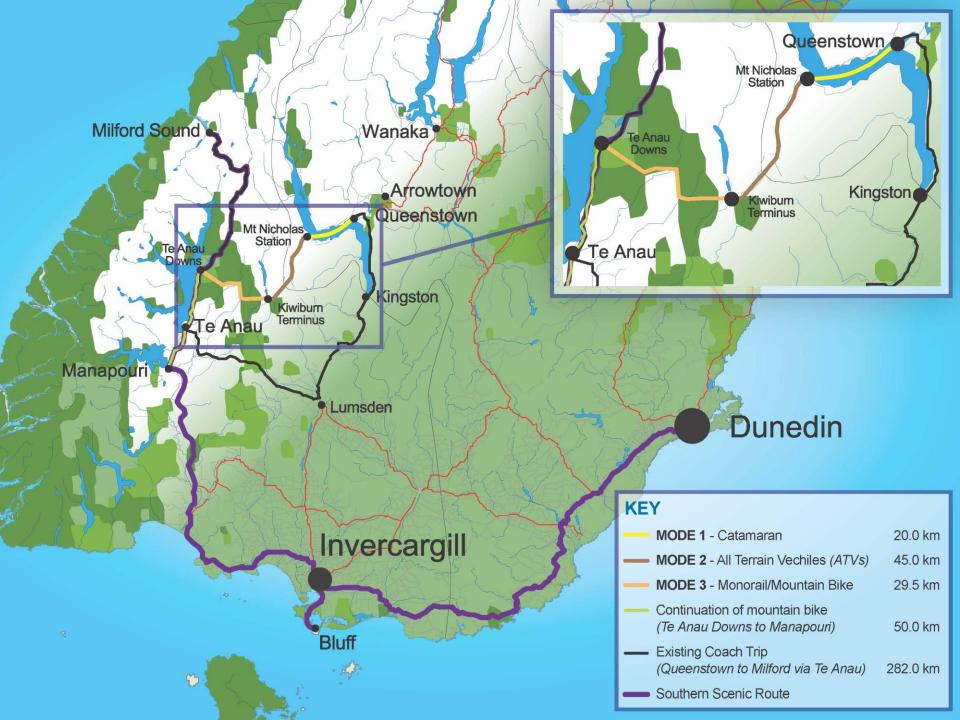
The Opportunity

- 95% of the 470,000 visitors to Milford per annum travel by road, mainly from Queenstown
- 9.5 hour bus trip (13 hour day)
- Congestion in Milford during the middle of the day
- Many proposals have been promoted over the past 30 years to improve transport links between Milford and Queenstown



The FiordlandLink Experience





Project Drivers

- Enhanced experience for visitors
- Reduction in travel time
- Environmental and safety benefits of reduced road travel
- Reduction in congestion in Milford and Milford Road
- Sustainable conservation based solution to growing Fiordland tourism
- Three Lakes Ride cycle track



The Environment







Threatened Species

- Two threatened plants identified
- 46 bird species expected along route
- Long-tailed Bats and Green Skink
- Important habitats
- Introduced pests deer and pigs



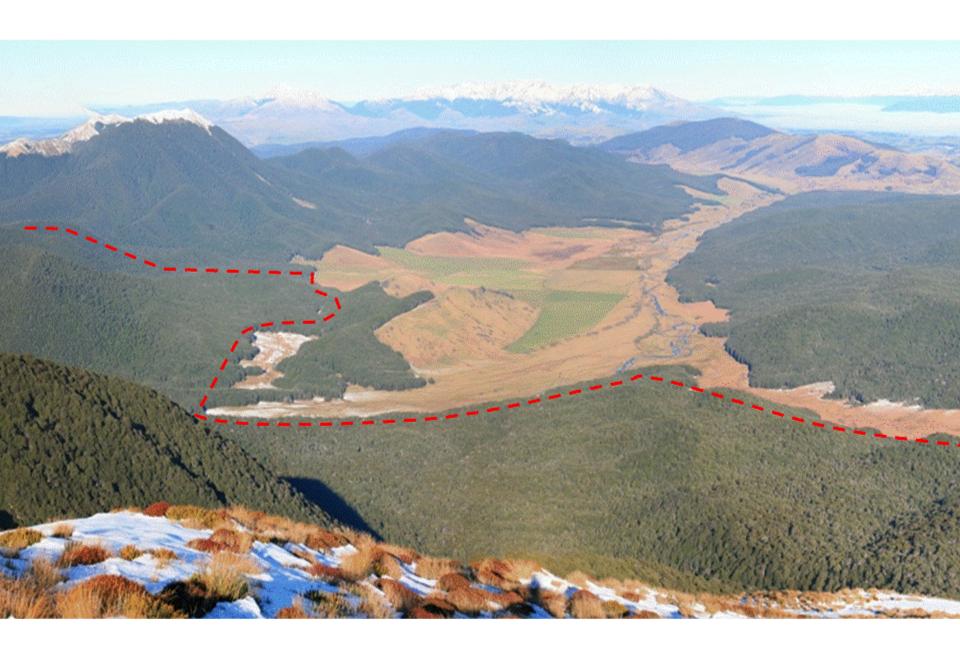
Route Description























The Monorail

• What is it?

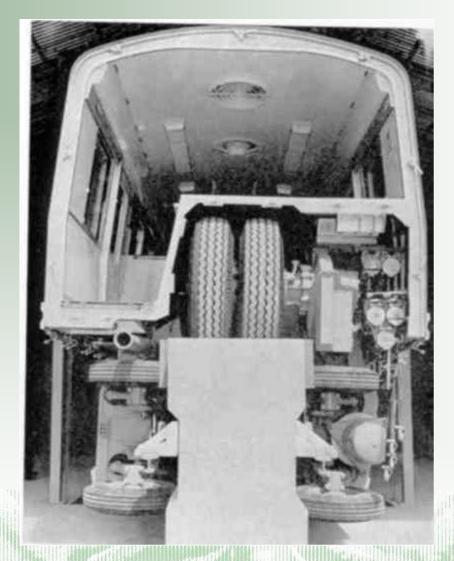
Dimensions

• How to build it?





Straddle Monorail





Why Monorail?

Small footprint, minimising ecological impact

Efficient, uses renewable energy, low maintenance

It's different



Groundbreaking Monorail

- Literally, this will be the first low-rise monorail
- It's 44km long, longest existing is 28km (Osaka)
- It will be the only monorail built through hilly terrain
- To date all monorails are urban, the FLE travels through forest



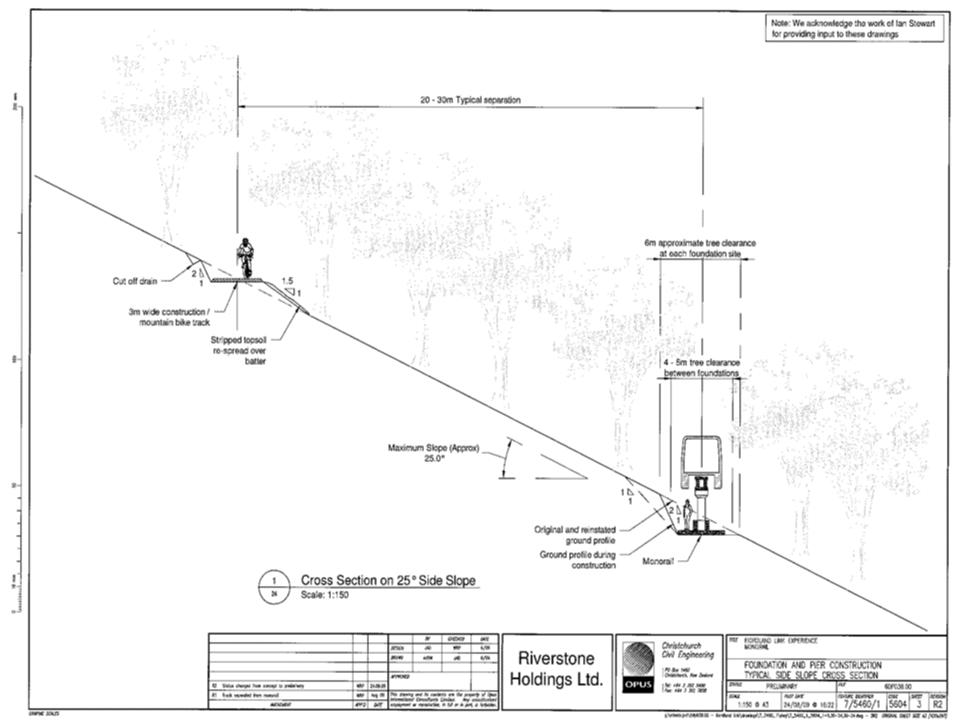
Construction and Ecological Challenges

- Minimise canopy gap effect, avoid large trees, tree fall
- Terrain, including side slope, rivers, swampy areas, open areas
- Access for materials, plant, workforce

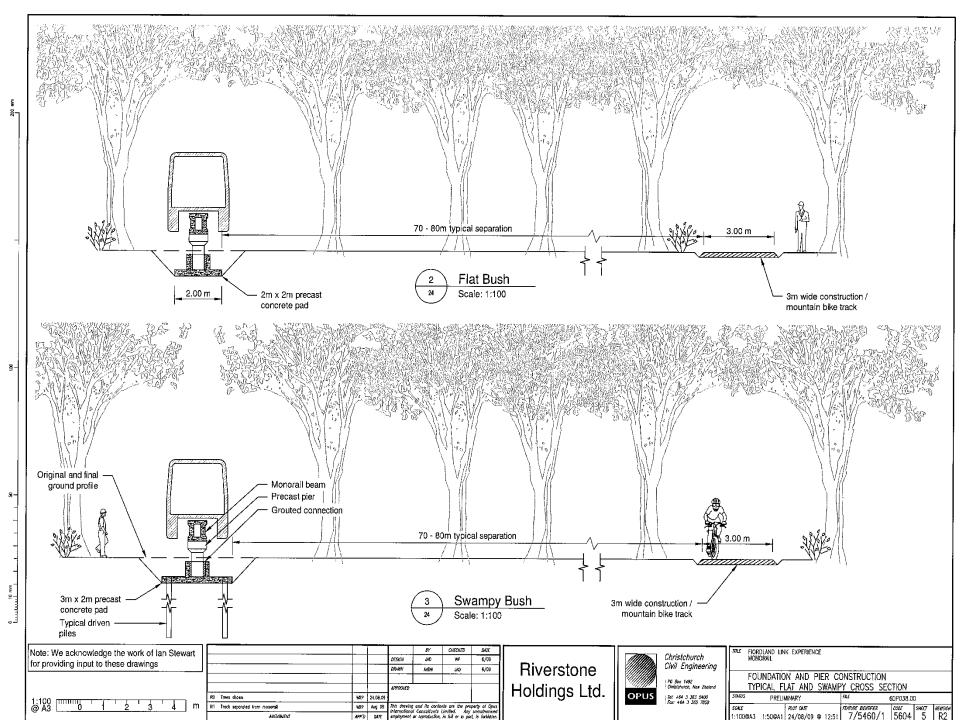












Rehabilitation and Pest Control

- Direct transfer of leaf litter and plants where practicable
- Monitoring and weed control
- Rehabilitation targets in management plan
- Pest control
- Environmental offset







