



Image courtesy NZ Transport Agency

# Evaluating the Auckland Cycling Model

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# Estimating Cyclist Demands

- Previous methods for estimating cyclist demands:
  - Simplified Procedures 11 (SP11) from the Economic Evaluation Manual
  - NZ Transport Agency's Research Report 340: "Estimating Demand for New Cycling Facilities in New Zealand"
- Need for better forecasting practice highlighted in the NZ Transport Agency's National Cycle Network Design Guidance Stage 1 Report – Best Practice Review (2015)



Image courtesy NZ Transport Agency

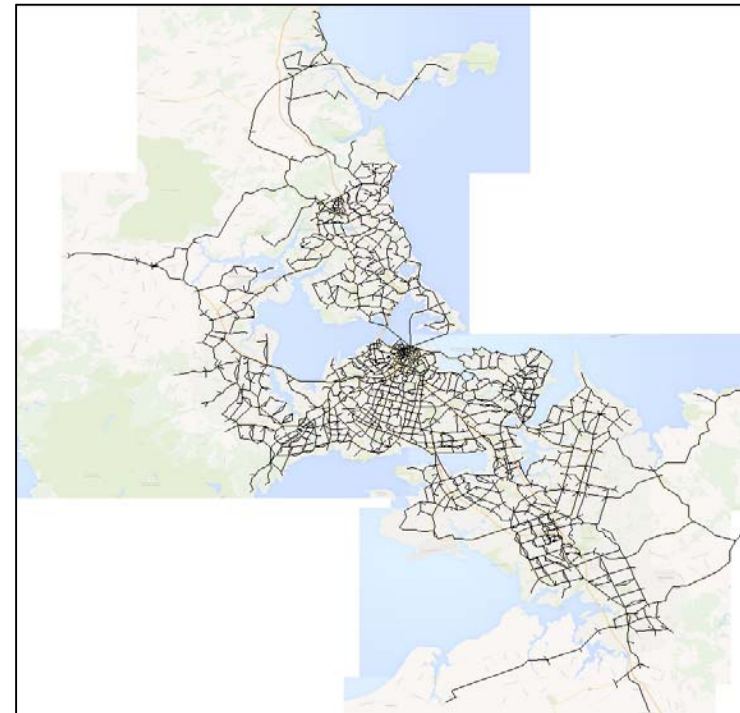
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# Auckland Cycle Model

- Forecasts cyclist demands
- Covers all urban Auckland, all significant cycle routes
- 2013 Base year
- 2016 and 2026 “forecast” years
- Two-hour morning and evening peak period models
- Daily estimates by factoring
- Assignment in SATURN
  - Uses “Relative Attractiveness” to represent cyclist preference for quality/safe routes



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## Auckland Cycle Model – Challenges

- Significant variability of cyclist numbers on routes
  - Weather
  - School terms and university semesters
  - Seasonal variations
  - Typically  $\pm 65\%$  daily variation from annual average in 2016
  - Often conflicting count data
  - Use of Annual Average Daily Cyclists (AADC) to average out variability
- Rapid growth in cyclist numbers in recent years (+1,000% growth in 3 years on Nelson St!)
- More variability than traffic (car) volumes



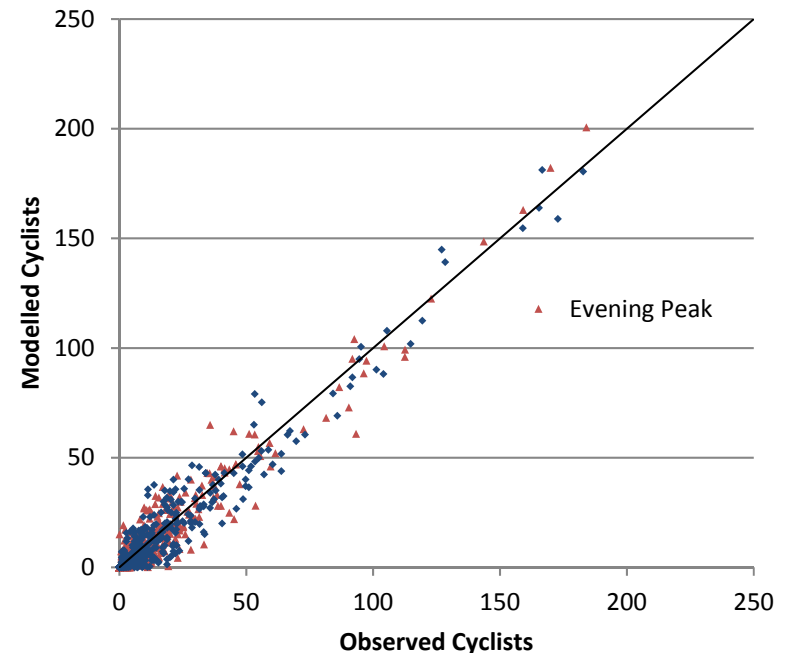
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## Auckland Cycle Model – 2013 Base

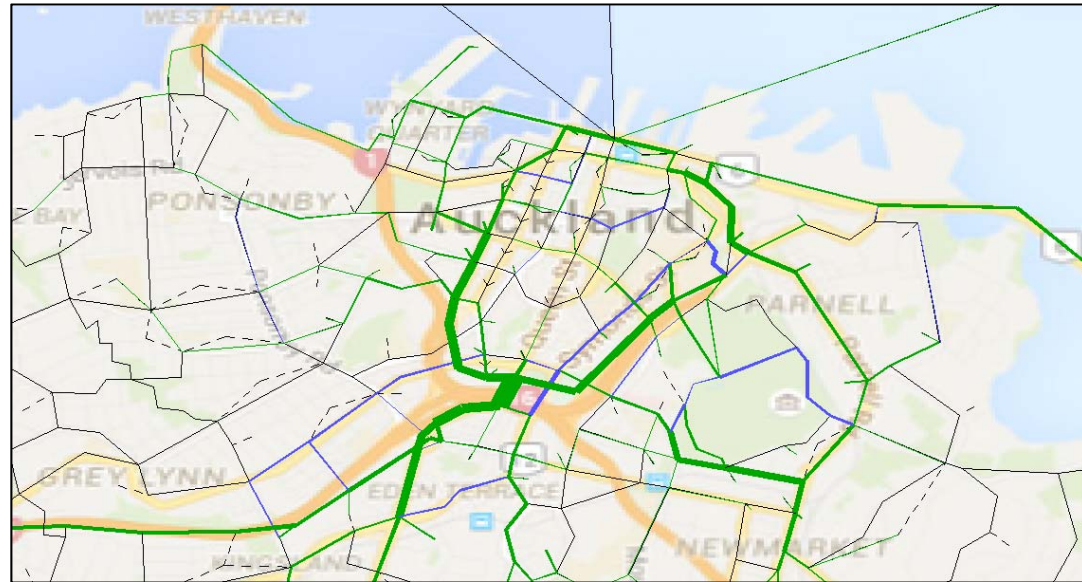
- Starting point: 2013 Census travel to work data
- Factored up to consider non-work trips
- Collection of over 700 survey data points
- Traditional matrix estimation and model validation processes
- Validation criteria footnote:
  - Lack of existing guidance
  - $R^2$  and RMSE stats = Useful
  - Link counts ( $\pm 50$ ) and GEH stats = Not so much



## Auckland Cycle Model – Forecast Process

- Applies demand elasticities
- Model is responsive to:
  - Changes in land use
  - Changes in infrastructure
- Model reflects:
  - Cycle-able trip lengths
  - Cycle-able trip types

Cycle Trip Origins/Destinations (SkyPath)



Growth in modelled morning period cyclists, 2013 to 2016

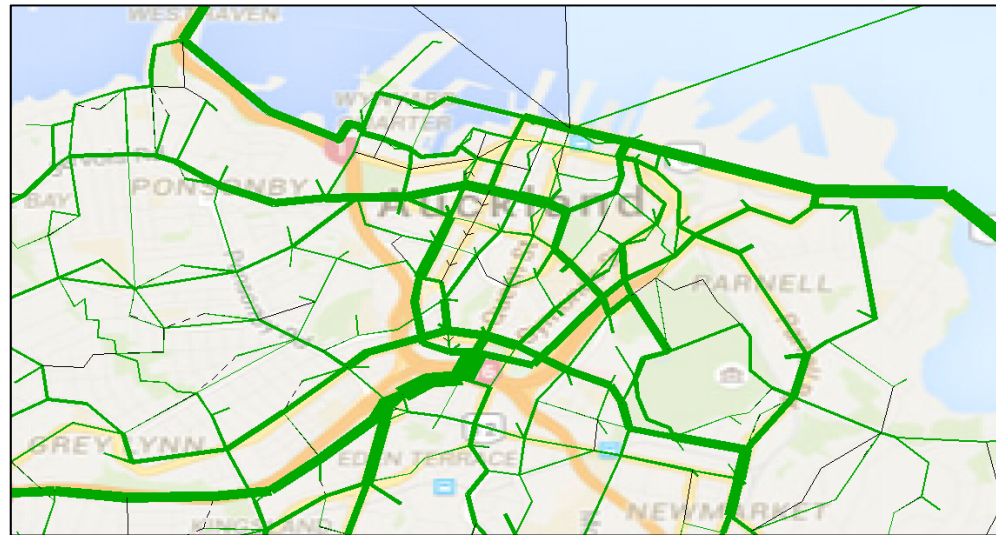
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## Auckland Cycle Model – Applications

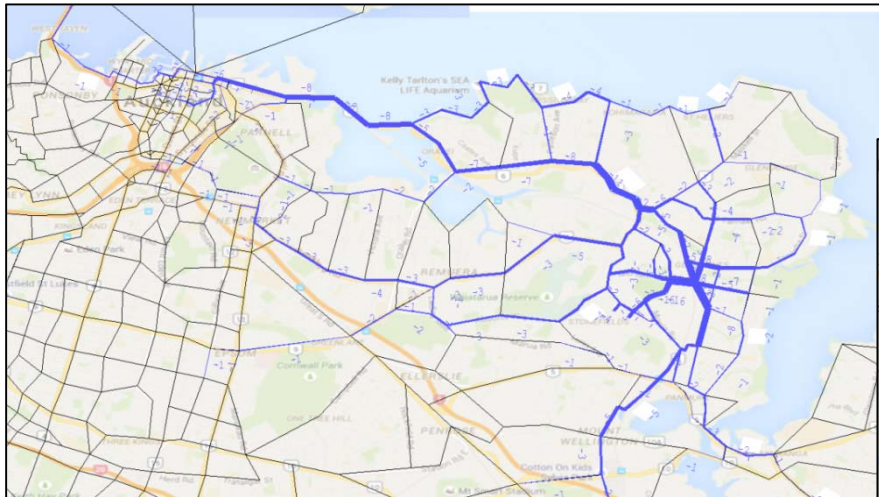
- Estimates future cyclist demands
- Used for project evaluations, economic assessments, etc
- Recent uses include:
  - Auckland Urban Cycleways Programme
  - NZTA's Northern Corridor Improvements project
  - Links to Glen Innes & New Lynn
  - Quay Street Cycleway
  - Otahuhu cycle improvements



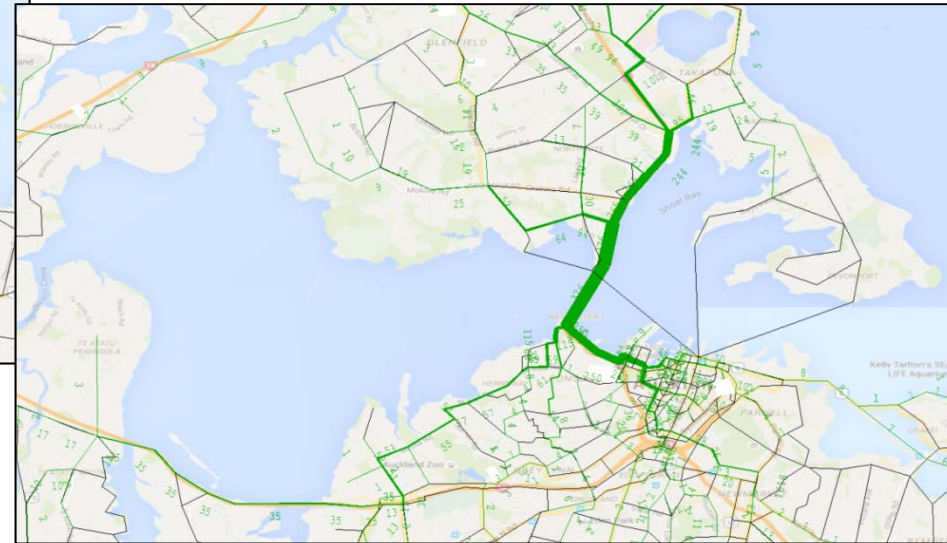
Forecast morning period cyclists, 2026



# Auckland Cycle Model – Applications



Car Trips Removed from Network  
(Cycle Links to Glen Innes Project)



Cycle Trip Origins/Destinations (SkyPath)

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## But is it any good?



Have we just made up this figure?

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# Evaluation

Significant investment in Auckland cycle infrastructure from 2013 to 2016:

- Grafton Gully and Beach Road cycleways
- Nelson Street cycleway and LightPath
- Quay Street cycleway
- Improvements to Northwestern cycleway
- Carlton Gore Road

Auckland Transport has automated counters on the above routes, and others



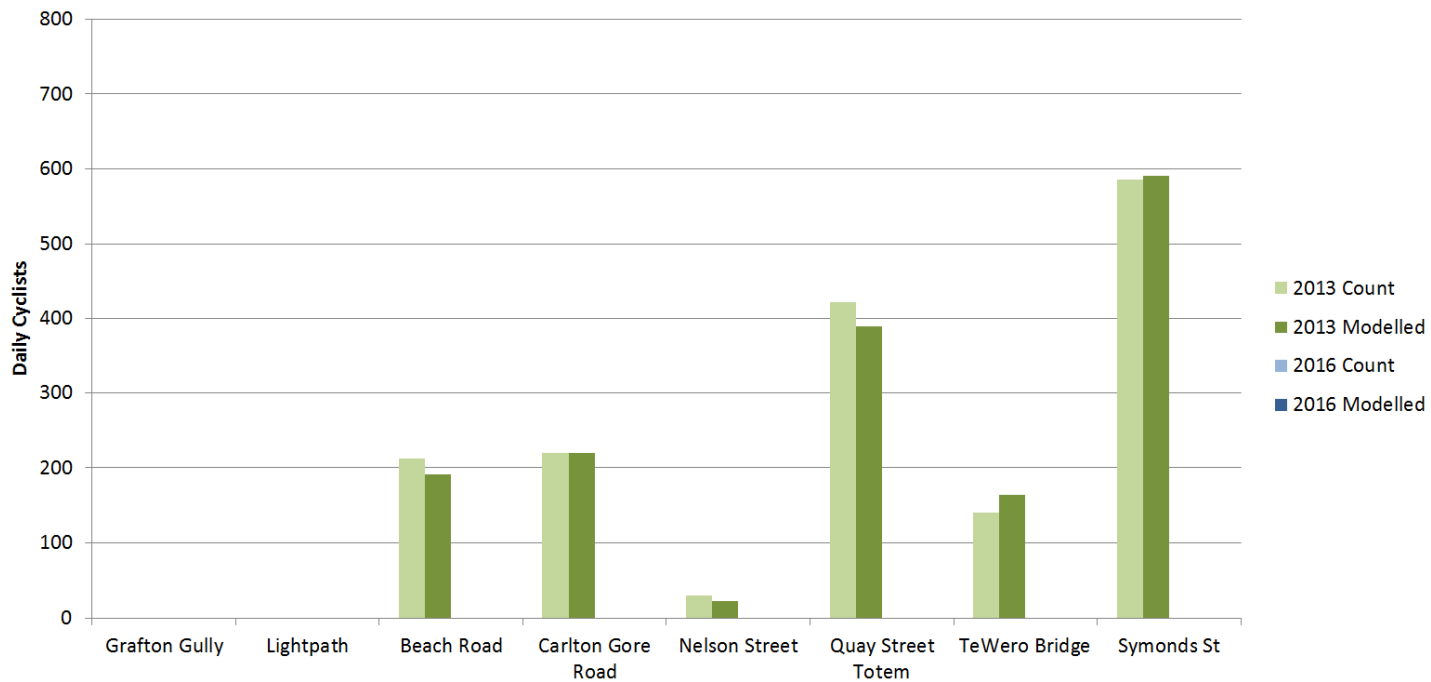
**Idea! – How about we compare the 2016 “Forecast” to actual data?**

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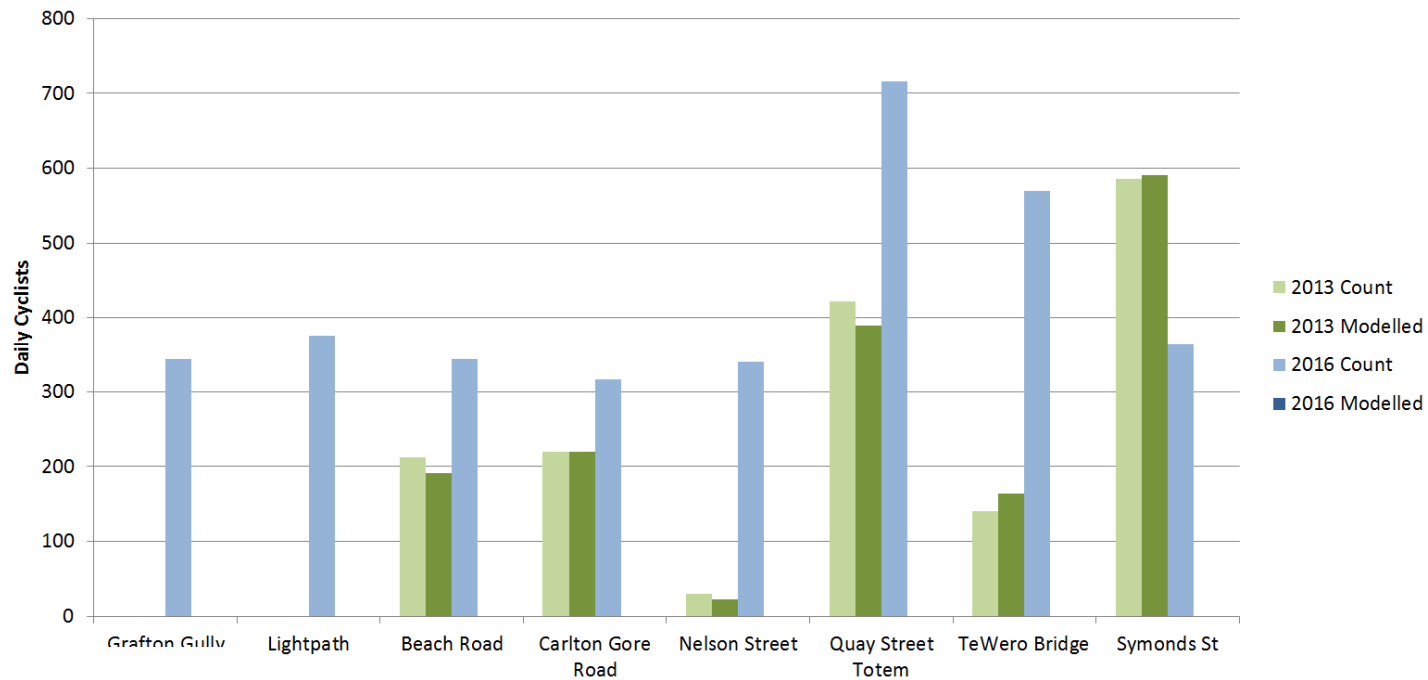
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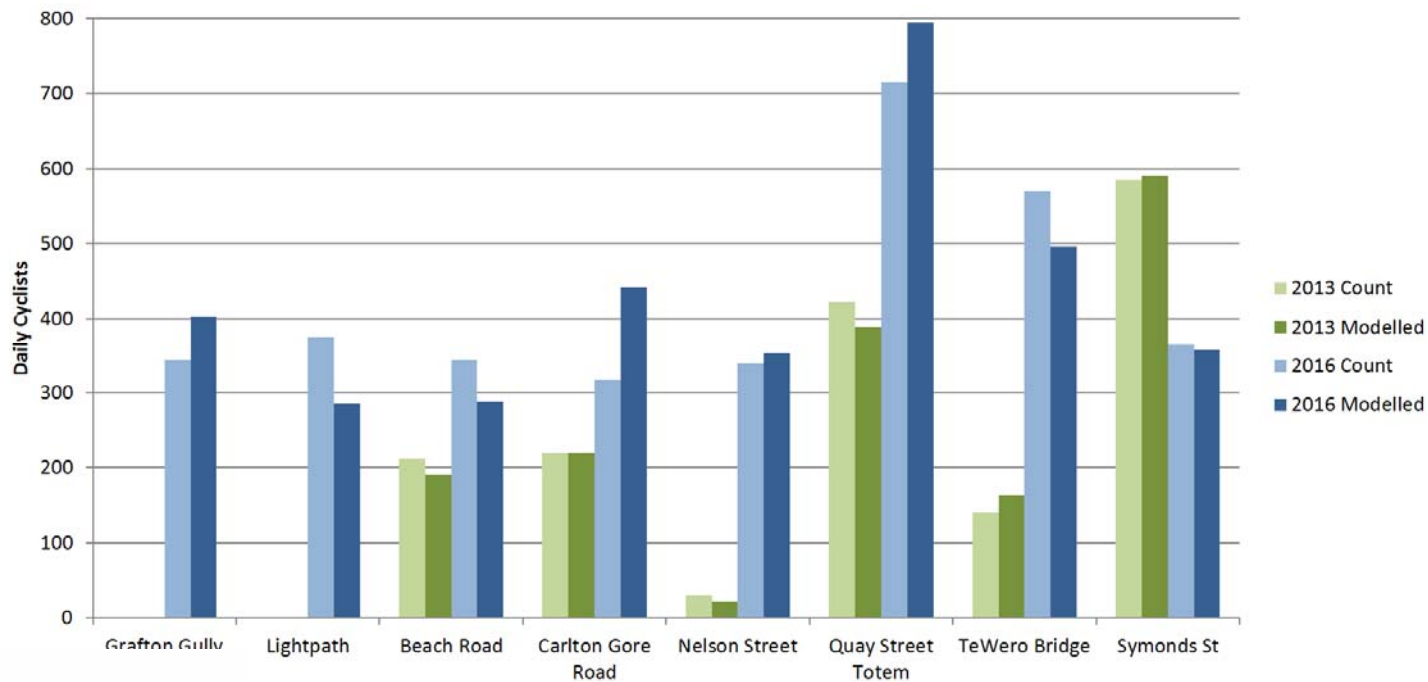
## Evaluation – Routes showing Change



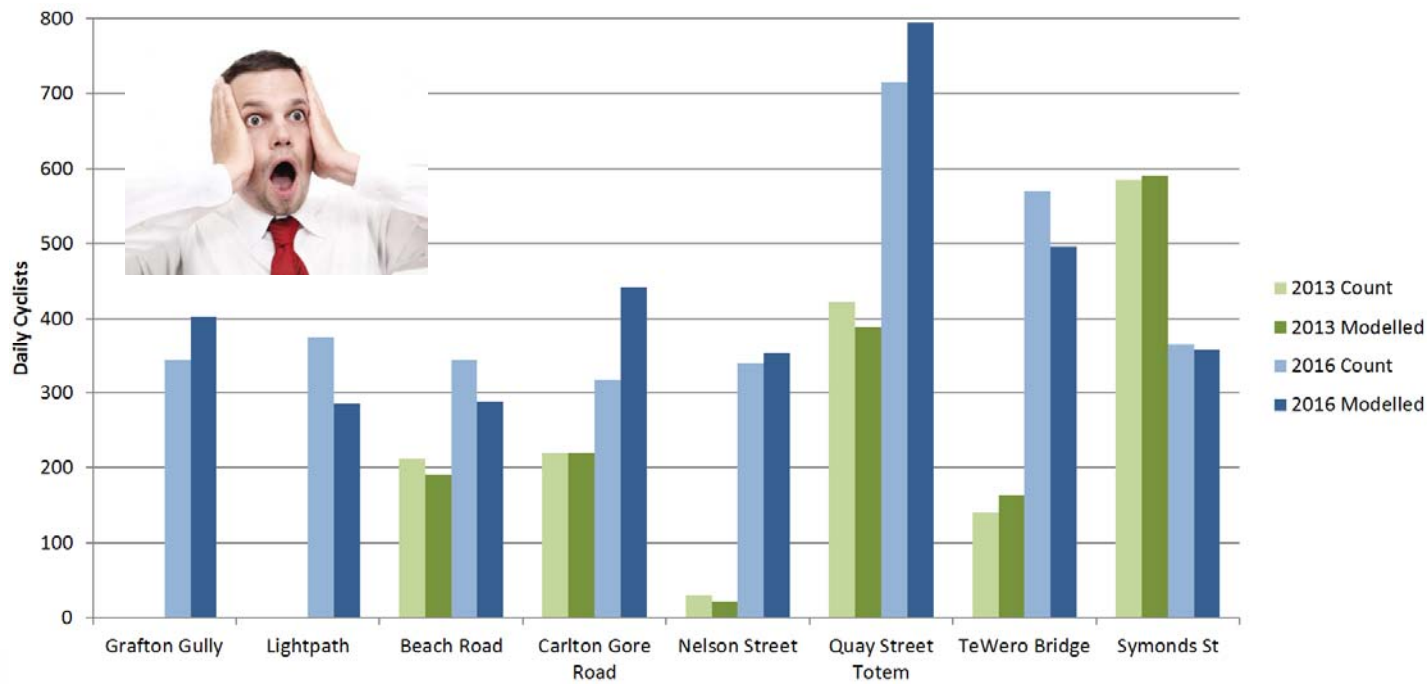
## Evaluation – Routes showing Change



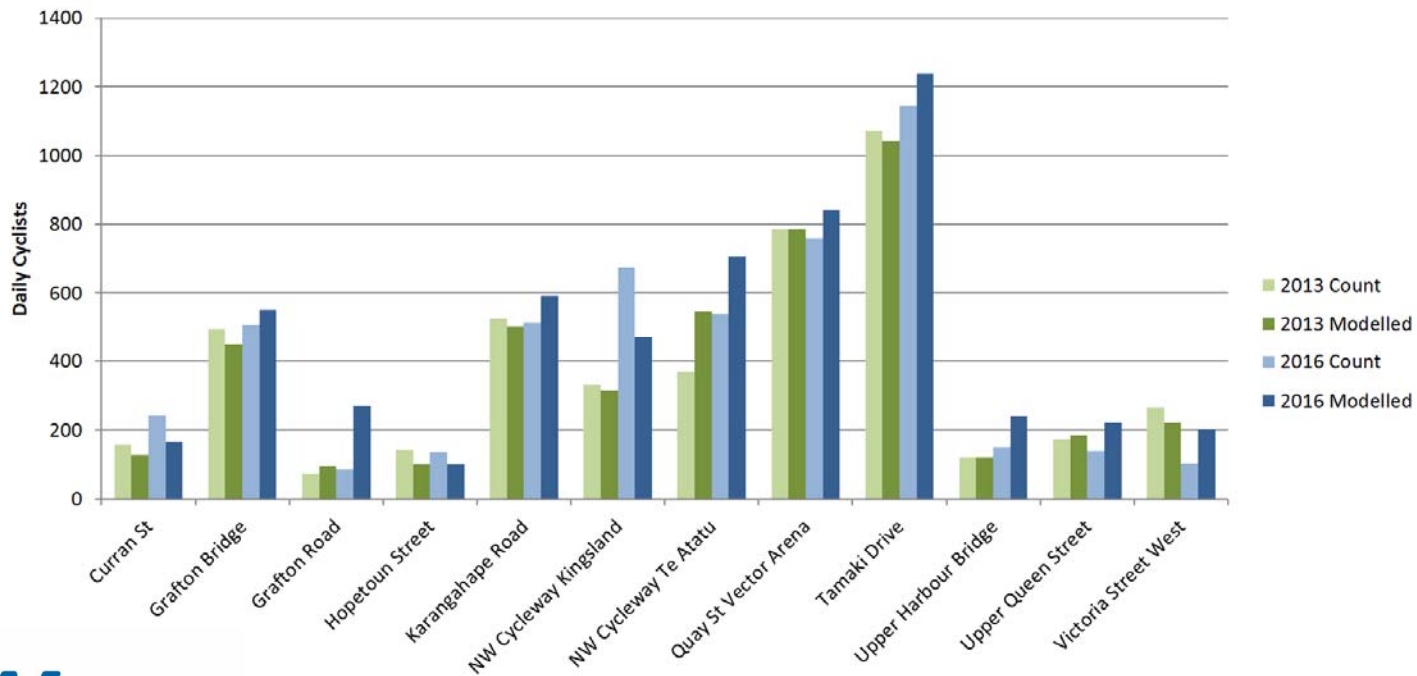
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# Evaluation – Routes showing Change

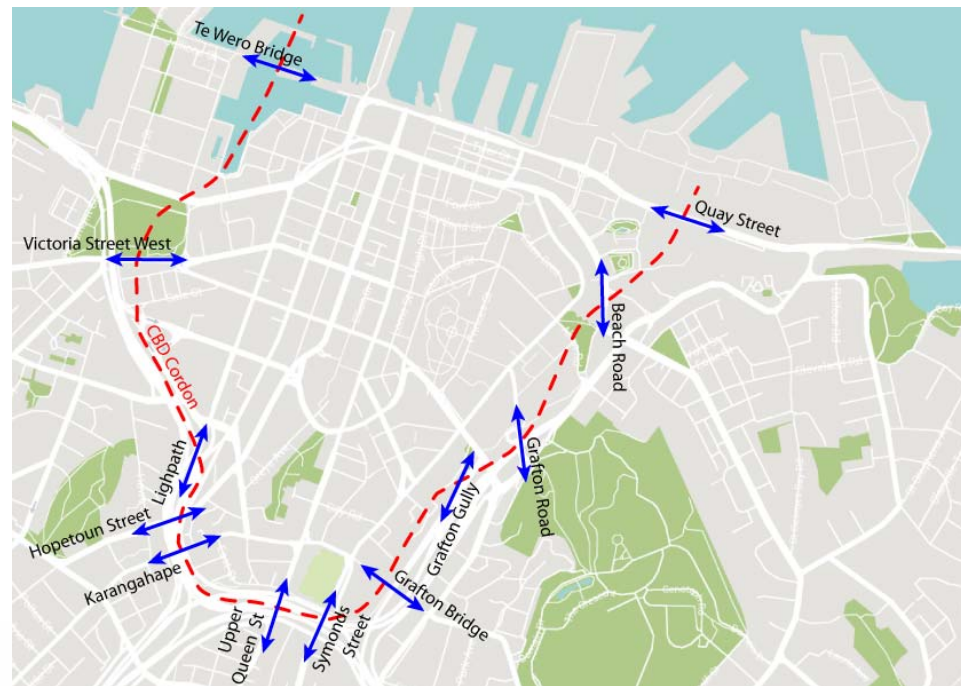


# Evaluation – Static Routes





# Evaluation – CBD Cordon



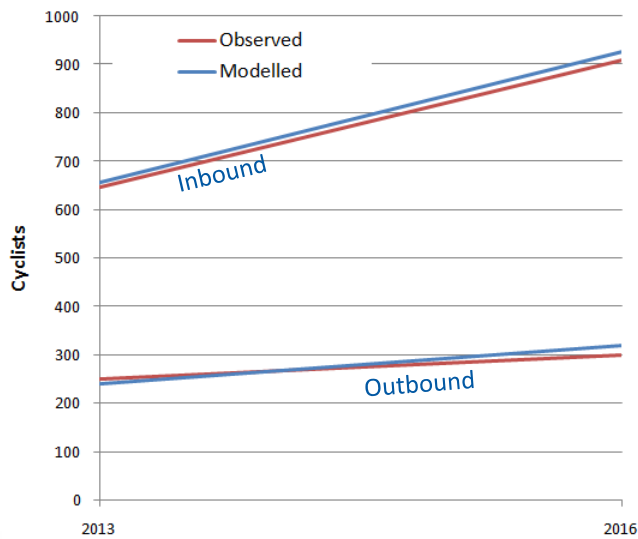
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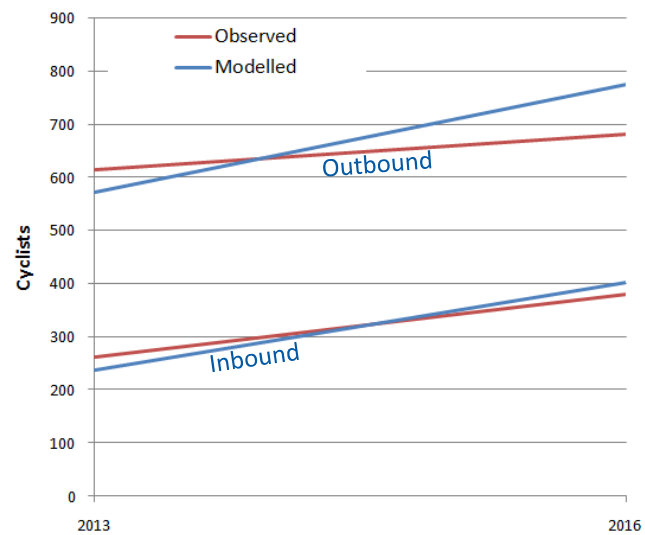
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# Evaluation – CBD Cordon

### Morning Peak



### Evening Peak



## Model Refinements



- Evening peak growth dampened down
- Reduced demand elasticities
- Higher “Relative Attractiveness” applied to LightPath

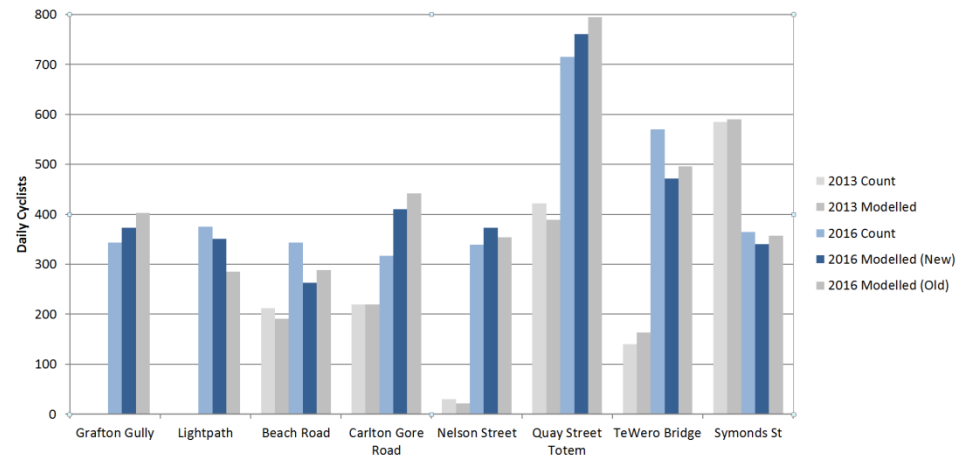
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## Model Refinements

- Slightly improved overall statistics ( $R^2$  and RMSE values)
- Better agreement with:
  - Overall observed growth (2013 to 2016)
  - Observed evening peak growth (2013 to 2016)
  - Observed LightPath data



## Comparison with Other Methods

- Research Report 340
- EEM Simplified Procedures 11

Route	Observed Daily Cyclists (2016)	2016 Auckland Cycle Model		Research Report 340		EEM Simplified Procedures 11	
		Cyclists	Error	Cyclists	Error	Cyclists	Error
Beach Rd	343	263	-23%	392	+14%	1,158	+237%
Carlton Gore Rd	317	410	+29%	423	+33%	1,067	+237%
Grafton Gully	344	373	+8%	465	+35%	1,660	+383%
Nelson St	340	373	+10%	64	-81%	1,535	+352%
LightPath	375	351	-6%	248	-34%	1,594	+325%
Quay Street	715	761	-6%	628	-12%	956	+34%
<b>Average Error</b>			<b>± 14%</b>		<b>± 35%</b>		<b>± 261%</b>

## Conclusion

Auckland Cycle Model Approved



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